

AGENTS FOR THE INTELLIGENCER.  
WALKER, EVANS & COOKWELL, Charleston, S. C.  
JOHN T. SLOAN, Jr., Columbia, S. C.  
W. H. B. TOWN, General Agent.

## Notice to Candidates.

All communications recommending candidates for office will be charged for at our regular advertising rates. It is a purely private and business affair, relating to the interests of individuals, and does not come under the head of news. Hence, we have adopted the rule requiring payment for the insertion of such communications.

Regular announcements of candidates for office must be accompanied by the cash to receive any attention. This rule is imperative, and we cannot deviate from it to accommodate any one.

Hon. F. A. Sawyer, United States Senator, will accept our thanks for valuable public documents.

"There's many a slip twixt the cup and the lip." One of our friends informed us, a few days ago, that it was his intention to bring us a large water-melon on Monday last, but some one took a fancy to it on Saturday night and lifted it out of his patch! Another friend was requested by a neighbor to bring us a huge melon, and he forgot it! These are tantalizing evidences of appreciation and good will.

We have received a pamphlet copy of an address delivered before the Literary Societies of Wofford College, on the 28th of June last, by Col. J. P. Thomas, of Columbia. The subject of the address is "Proportional Representation," or the means whereby the rights of minorities may be secured, and it is handled with that clearness and ability which distinguishes every effort of its talented author. The pamphlet is neatly printed at the office of the Columbia Phoenix.

## Saluda Association.

The sixty-eighth annual session of this body will convene to-day at Little River Church, in Abbeville county, eight miles southwest of Donalds. Rev. W. H. King will preach the Introductory Sermon, and Rev. J. S. Murray will preach the Charity Sermon, according to the appointments made at the last Association. We learn that conveyances will meet the delegates at Donalds, and we are confident that the hospitality of the Little River neighborhood will amply meet the demands of the occasion.

## The Baptist State Convention.

This body held its fiftieth annual meeting at Greenville C. H., beginning on the 28th ultimo. The session was harmonious and interesting. A Baptist Historical Society was organized, with Rev. Dr. Reynolds as President, for the purpose of collecting all statistics and facts connected with the denomination in this State. After four days spent in deliberating over the interests of the Baptist denomination in this State, the Convention adjourned to meet in the town of Camden, November, 1871, the time for the annual meeting having been changed.

## Improve Your Architecture.

Parties contemplating building should have their plans made now. Capt. A. Y. Lee, of Columbia, is in town on a professional visit, and will be pleased to confer with any of our citizens who intend building new houses or wish to remodel old ones. The Captain has brought with him the plans and specifications of a new steeple for the Presbyterian church of this place, and the main object of his visit is to consult with the Building Committee who have the contemplated improvement in charge. The committee for the church have done well in selecting a competent architect to prepare their work, and not left the erection of their spire to the chance combination of timbers unskillfully put together without a plan. We take pleasure in commending Capt. Lee to our citizens.

## The North Carolina Election.

The conservative people of North Carolina achieved a victory over Radicalism at the polls on Thursday last. The result reflects creditably upon the courage, patience, endurance and intelligence of the old North State. It is reported, and with apparent authority, that the Conservatives have elected not only five out of the seven members of Congress to whom the State is entitled, but such a decisive majority on joint ballot in the State Legislature as to secure the return of a Conservative to the United States Senate next winter. The latest returns by telegraph claim a two-thirds majority in both branches of the Legislature, and if this be confirmed, the reign of Radicalism is at an end, as this would be an effectual check upon Gov. Holden and his corrupt practices.

## Gen. Butler and the Black Code.

In the course of his remarks at Greenville, on the 29th ultimo, Gen. M. C. Butler was interrupted by a colored man, who asked him "what about the Black Code?" The General said he was very glad that the question had been asked, as it enabled him to state that he had not only voted against the passage of that Bill, but had fought against it from the outset. It has been repeatedly urged by the Radicals that Gen. Butler aided in passing the "infamous Black Code," as they style it, but they have neglected to look at the record, as a correspondent of the Charleston Courier shows. By referring to the House Journal, page 119, in the vote on the third (final) reading of the Bill, among the "nays" will be found the name of Gen. Butler. Will the Radical speakers take as much pains to make the correction as they did to circulate this false report among the negroes?

The Columbia Phoenix says: "Several new locomotives, and a lot of heavy iron are now on the way for Columbia, to be used on the Greenville Railroad. The track has been raised and repaired in many places; thousands of new cross-ties put in, and the work goes bravely on. Before many weeks, we confidently expect to make the trip over the road in about six hours. President Bush, Superintendent More, and the other officers are pushing things forward rapidly and in a substantial manner."

## "The Cry is, Still they Come."

It seems that the Radical party is determined to keep up an active canvass in this neighborhood. On Monday night last, another meeting was held at the schoolhouse, and speeches were delivered by Messrs. L. C. Carpenter, (white,) J. H. Rainey and F. L. Cardozo, (colored.) We were not present, and cannot give any accurate description of the affair, but have been informed that the speeches were strikingly similar to the efforts of their predecessors, Worthington, Hoge, Elliott and Purvis, especially in that peculiar feature where the Radical orator descends upon the hideousness of the Reform party and its adherents, and the particular adaptation of the Radical party to the wants and necessities of the colored people. The doctrine of hate is being artfully inculcated by these roving Radicals, and it behooves our citizens of both races to turn a deaf ear to their maddening appeals to passion and prejudice. As inhabitants of the same community, the leading men of both races should strive to maintain peace, order and friendly relations between the white and colored people; and as an effectual measure to this end, we would advise the colored leaders to frown down the base conduct of their public speakers in exciting old prejudices and bitter recollections. No good can result from this course to the masses of the people, and unless the office-holders and office-seekers are capable of addressing the public upon more vitally important subjects, they should not receive the attention of any one.

## The County Convention on Monday next.

A correspondent throws out certain suggestions as the mode and manner of conducting the proceedings of the proposed County Convention, in order to obtain harmony, secure general satisfaction and bring about perfect acquiescence in the results of its deliberations. Without interfering with the prerogative of delegates, who will determine for themselves as to the best course to be pursued, we will venture to indicate another plan, differing somewhat from that proposed by our correspondent, but aiming at the same result. It is briefly as follows: 1. Each township to be entitled to five votes in the Convention, irrespective of the number of delegates present. 2. The nominations to be made by ballot. 3. The adoption of a rule requiring that each candidate shall receive a two-thirds vote before he is declared the nominee. As there would be eighty votes in the Convention, no one could secure the nomination except he received at least fifty-four votes, or nearly the unanimous ballot of eleven townships. An entire ticket selected in this manner would give us a set of candidates combining at once strength and popularity among the people, and place its triumph at the polls beyond a doubt. Of course, after a candidate has been chosen under the two-thirds rule, the nomination should be made unanimous.

## The Lunatic Asylum.

It has been frequently rumored, since the present Radical administration has been in power, that Dr. J. W. Parker would be removed from the position of Superintendent of the Lunatic Asylum at Columbia. Dr. Parker has occupied this responsible post for the last thirty-four years, and it was hoped that the clamors for his removal would be unheeded by the Board of Regents. But the demands of party have been too great and unyielding, and it is announced that Dr. J. F. Ensor has been appointed to supersede Dr. Parker as Physician to the Asylum. In communicating this action of the Regents, Gov. Scott takes occasion to acknowledge "the very able and efficient manner" in which the duties pertaining to the position have always been performed by Dr. Parker. And yet the Radical organ makes an ungracious fling at Dr. P. on his retirement from the position he has so worthily filled, under all the trying circumstances of the last few years, especially. What is it that party hate and party rancor will not impel men to do? The new Superintendent, Dr. Ensor, although a comparative stranger, has won the respect and esteem of the citizens of Columbia, without regard to party, and we hope that his care for the unfortunate people under his charge will win for him even greater respect.

## The War in Europe.

The unusual amount of space taken up with local matters in this issue prevents our giving a full statement of the late and interesting news from the war in Europe. Actual hostilities opened with a French victory at Saarbrücken, the Prussian outpost, about ten days ago. The French army then advanced, but were compelled to fall back in a short time behind their original position, and on Saturday last an engagement between important wings of both armies at Weissenburg resulted in a defeat of the French forces, with a loss of 4,000 prisoners and a large number of guns. The French official report admits a reverse, and there is evident apprehension that Paris is in danger. The Prussians admit that their losses have been heavy. The indications are that a grand decisive battle will shortly take place.

COTTON STATEMENT.—The receipts at all the ports of the United States since the 1st of September, 1869, are 2,854,826 bales, against 2,112,547 bales for the corresponding period of the previous year, showing an increase of 742,279 bales in favor of the current year. The exports from all the ports from September 1st, 2,148,891 bales, against 1,431,826 bales for the same time last year. The stock at all the ports is 108,278 bales, against 27,875 bales for the same time last year. The stock of American cotton afloat for Great Britain is 60,000 bales, against 26,300 bales for the same time last year. The amount of Indian cotton afloat for Europe is 407,680 bales, against 745,673 bales for the same time last year.

Speculation seems to be dead for the moment, and the European war shrouds the future cotton market with great uncertainty. The importance to the country of this great staple is clearly evidenced in the last report of the Bureau of Statistics, at Washington. The report shows that the total exports of domestic products for eleven months ending May 31st, 1870, was \$385,940,711 in gold value, of which amount \$215,198,206 were in raw cotton. These figures are certainly remarkable and need no comment.

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the Union Reform party will be held in Columbia on Monday evening next, August 15.

## Gen. Butler's Indictment Against Gov. Scott.

Although many of our readers heard the grave charges preferred by Gen. M. C. Butler against the present Governor of South Carolina, in his speech at this place on the 27th ultimo, it may be well to reproduce them for the benefit of those who were not present on that occasion. The indictment reads as follows:

First. I charge that R. K. Scott has violated that well-established and acknowledged principle of law which prohibits a trustee from speculating with the funds of his trust estate for his own personal aggrandizement.

Second. I charge that he has infested this State with paid spies from abroad, recking with hatred to our people, and established a system of espionage dangerous to public liberty and free institutions.

Third. I charge that he pays these spies with your money, under the pretence that they are peace officers, when they are simply his political partisans, and engaged in stirring up strife among our people.

Fourth. I charge that he has attempted to demoralize the public virtue and prostitute the public morals, by introducing into his house, as Governor of South Carolina, persons of ill-fame, he knowing them to be such, thereby offering a reward for prostitution.

Fifth. I charge that he connived at, if he is not implicated in, the murder of citizens of South Carolina for political effect. (Vide the Randolph murder and its history.)

Sixth. I charge that he has violated the law of his own creation, or of the law of the creation of his own party, by not requiring the Land Commissioner to make a report of his operations, and in not requiring a report from his financial agent.

Seventh. I charge that he has defrauded the State of large sums of money as one of the Advisory Board of the Land Commission, by converting to his own use money appropriated to buy homesteads for the homeless.

Eighth. I charge that under his administration the public debt has been trebled; taxation become burdensome beyond endurance; immigration prevented; the resources of the State dormant, and public education neglected.

Ninth. I charge that he has encouraged violence (vide his Winchester Rifle law speech), fomented discord between the whites and colored people for political effect, and defeated the ends of justice in his improper exercise of the pardoning power.

Tenth. I charge that he has discharged the duties of his high office, not for the good of the whole people, but with an eye singly to his own preferment, political and pecuniary. That he has misrepresented abroad the good people of the commonwealth, and attempted to bring odium upon their fair name.

Eleventh. I charge, that shortly precedent to the last Presidential election, Governor Scott said to General Hampton, and two other gentlemen, that he not only wished the State to vote Democratic, but would use his influence to that end; and that he was tired of the negroes, and would make enough of them resign their seats in the Legislature, so as to give the white men a majority in that body.

## Nominating Conventions.

UNION.—Every township was represented at the Convention held at Union C. H. on the 1st inst. The result of the ballot for Senator and Representatives is as follows: Senate—Rev. A. A. James. House of Representatives—Capt. Frederick G. Latham, Col. Robert Macbeth and Limbrick Thomas, (colored.) The last named declined the nomination, although in hearty accord with the Reform movement, and a second ballot was had, when Alfred R. Aughtrey was elected in his stead. We knew Capt. Latham in the Confederate army, and will guarantee that he is true as steel to the best interests of the country. The people of Union will honor themselves in sending him to the Legislature.

GREENVILLE.—A Convention of delegates from all the townships in Greenville county met on the 1st inst. at the Court House, and nominated candidates for the Legislature and for the county offices. Messrs. Hewlett Sullivan, Leonard Williams, S. S. Crittenden and Washington Taylor were nominated for the Legislature, and our friend Samuel J. Douthitt for Probate Judge. Of course, the entire ticket is in harmony with the Reform party.

## For the Anderson Intelligencer.

Mr. Editor: In your last issue I noticed a suggestion, emanating from Pendleton, recommending a meeting of each township on Saturday, 13th inst., to elect delegates to a County Convention at Anderson on the 15th inst., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the Legislature, all of which I heartily concur in, and if the system was a little more perfect, I think the political machinery of Anderson would run more smoothly and in better order than it has for many years past, and we would hear no more of the charges brought against what is called the Anderson clique. The system would ramify and permeate every neighborhood in the county, and leave no room for complaints. In order to perfect the system, let every township send five delegates to the Convention. Let each delegation be called upon to hand in the name of the man it wishes to be nominated for legislative honors; take the vote of the whole meeting on the names handed in, the man receiving the highest vote to be the nominee for the Senate, and the three next highest to be the nominees for the House of Representatives.

I would also suggest that it would be good policy for every township to make a strenuous effort to send at least one colored delegate to the Convention, so that class would have a chance to participate in the selection of the candidates, thereby binding them considerably to the support of the ticket on the day of election. I think every person can see the importance of such a step, for as long as we pursue the course of letting them alone and ignoring that class of voters in our political meetings, because we have the majority of whites in the county, they will ignore us on the day of election, and we lose a considerable power that we need, should have and I think could secure.

L. N.

Coffee Creek, August 10, 1870.

The Charleston Daily Republican of last Saturday contained an article embodying false and slanderous charges against Gen. M. C. Butler, the Reform candidate for Lieutenant Governor. Capt. George Tupper, a personal friend of Gen. Butler, met with John M. Morris, the chief editor of the Republican, on Sunday morning, in the Columbia Hotel, and asked him if he was the author of the article alluding to Gen. Butler. Morris replied that he was responsible, if he was not the author, when Capt. Tupper dealt him a blow with his fist, and repeated the operation, until the valiant Morris began a retreat up-stairs, which was accelerated by a kick from his antagonist. Within an hour after the occurrence, Capt. Tupper was arrested on the complaint of Morris, and gave bond for his appearance in Court and to keep the peace.

## For the Anderson Intelligencer.

Mr. Editor: I had the pleasure on Saturday last, the 6th inst., of listening to our friend, Maj. John B. Moore, who delivered an address at Smith's mill, about eight miles northwest of Anderson. There were between 75 and 100 persons present, only about a dozen of them colored. O, that the colored population would lend an attentive ear to the truths that are now being promulgated by the honest men of our country. The audience was very attentive, and the colored people seemed to approve the address very much.

I think, Mr. Editor, that such speeches do a great amount of good, and I am confident that the Major's address had a happy effect. The people are convinced of the corruptions and oppressions of the "Scott Ring," and have determined, if their votes can put a stop to public misdemeanors and heavy taxes, that it shall be done.

Maj. Moore occupied very nearly the same grounds as "the standard-bearers of the Union Reform party," which being so well known by the readers of your paper, I think useless to recapitulate here, but one idea of his speech I must notice particularly. He impressed the truth upon his hearers that this was a campaign in which every man should think for himself, judge for himself and act for himself. This truth he urged upon those present with signal force and ability. Would that every voter could feel the responsibility resting upon his shoulders, and be induced to stand up like a man, think like a man, and act like a man. Too many of the voters of our country, especially among the colored people, permit others to dictate how they shall vote.

I think, Mr. Editor, to get the colored man to vote with the Union Reform party, it is only necessary to demonstrate to them the fairness of its platform, and to show them the perfidy and wrong-doing of Scott and his Ring. A great many of the colored men are under false impressions, such as believing that the white men intend to deprive them of their liberty, especially the right to vote and hold office. These impressions ought to be erased, and it should be explained to them that the State does not possess the power to deprive them of these rights. How the colored people all over the country can best be convinced and acquainted with these facts, I leave for older and wiser heads to determine. The colored man is becoming alive to his interests, and there are some who are as ready to put down corrupt and profligate government as any white man. It is only necessary to remove these false impressions, and to lay before them a plain and unvarnished statement of facts to secure their co-operation in the good work of reform and re-education.

We have nearly three months in which to work, and let us be up and doing. Let us keep continually before the people the condition of our State, and we may hope to see both white and black rally around the standard in October next, and cast an almost unanimous vote against the continuance of misrule and corruption, and thus unite in placing good and honest men over the State.

AN APPEAL FOR AID  
TO THE  
Masonic Fair.

The friends of Masonry in Anderson county are doubtless aware that Hiram Lodge, No. 68, is largely indebted, and is now laboring under a heavy mortgage over the Masonic Hall. It is proposed to hold a Masonic Fair this fall (say in October) for the purpose of raising money to reduce the mortgaged debt as far as possible. It is needless to say to Masons who are acquainted with the circumstances, that the calls for charity since the war have been so great that we have been utterly unable to extinguish this debt. If the Confederate money in the hands of the Lodge at the close of the war could have been made available, we would have been independent to-day. But this institution suffered equally with other corporations and with individuals. Masons, (friends of the poor and helpless,) will you aid us? A committee of Masons in various sections of the county has been appointed to solicit donations. There is also a committee of ladies, (wives, daughters and sisters of Masons,) who will no doubt co-operate with us. It is expected of these committees, in the first place, to get up all the money possible. In the second place, any articles that will bring money when exposed for sale on the occasion of the Fair. Anything in the way of meats, flour, eggs, butter, cakes, &c., for the purpose of getting up a Supper will be acceptable. The ladies are especially requested to contribute all articles of domestic manufacture and ladies' handiwork, which may be offered for sale. We expect to have a grand affair, and have met with sympathizing friends, not only among the fraternity, but among those not connected with the institution. The contributions already have been far beyond our expectations. Brethren and friends, let us all go to work in earnest, and place Hiram Lodge in a position where it can dispense charity without embarrassment.

The authorized committees are announced herewith. For further information, apply to the undersigned.

R. S. HILL,

Chairman Committee on Donations.

## COMMITTEE ON DONATIONS.

R. S. Hill, C. K. Williford, Jesse P. McGee, F. M. Morgan, A. M. Holland, Thomas M. White, H. B. Major, John C. Whitefield, Mike McGee, Jas. S. Beaty, John T. Green, B. B. Breazeale, Wm. Hamilton, C. B. Gilmer, G. W. Hammond, J. M. Kidd, C. S. Mattison, James Webb, J. C. Keys, John H. Clark, A. C. Dobbins, D. L. Whitaker, Jas. B. Moore, J. L. Jolly and James Wilson.

## COMMITTEE OF LADIES.

The following ladies are respectfully requested to co-operate with the Committee on Donations, and procure contributions in aid of the Masonic Fair: Mrs. J. W. B. Skelton, Mrs. A. P. Hubbard, " W. C. Bewley, " Jesse P. McGee, " J. B. Clark, " C. S. Mattison, " M. Lesser, " Mike McGee, " J. L. Orr, " R. R. Beaty, " F. C. v. Borstel, " S. W. Williford, " W. E. Walters, " F. E. Harrison, " N. A. McCully, " S. C. Humphreys, " W. W. Humphreys, " B. D. Deau, " Wm. F. Barr, " John Carpenter, " B. F. Wilson, " J. A. Majors, " T. A. Hudgens, " T. J. Sloan, " M. Palmer, " D. L. Donald, " W. B. Bailey, " Miss Maggie Munro, " Miss Lizzie Williams, " Essie Cater.

Anderson, S. C., August 10, 1870.

## ITEMS-EDITORIAL AND OTHERWISE.

—General R. E. Lee has accepted the presidency of the Virginia Valley Railroad.

—Dr. J. W. Marshall has been appointed Depot Agent at Abbeville, vice D. R. Soudley, deceased.

—The Vicksburg Herald announces that it is in its element since the war in Europe, being edited by Swords and Spears.

—The Kentucky election returns show a strong Democratic vote and the general success of the Democratic ticket.

—The Texas State Prison runs a cotton factory by convict labor, which pays all the expenses of the institution.

—Wendell Phillips is not afraid of the Chinese. He thinks we "can digest the whole human race if they don't come too fast."

—Napoleon, since he has been with the army, has kept one telegraph wire constantly busy with correspondence with the Empress.

—Thomas Duckett, an old and highly respectable citizen of Laurens county, died on the 25th ult., of disease of the heart, aged 74 years.

—The Legislature of Mississippi has passed an act creating a new county, to be called "Union," carved out of Lee, Tippah and Pontotoc.

—The present strength of the United States army, rank and file, is 34,953. According to the new law, it will be gradually reduced to 30,000.

—Efforts have been made to secure the pardon and release of General John O'Neill, recently convicted of a violation of the neutrality law.

—Mr. Freilinghysen, the new minister to England, will sail about September 1, unless pressing business interests delay his departure a little longer.

—If Scott and his Ring don't steal the people's money, they have a peculiar way of getting rich in a short time out of the taxes paid by the people.

—There has been a serious accident in Fort-tress Monroe, by which several men have been killed. A shell exploded by firing several buildings and killing five persons.

—Metz, the headquarters of the French army of the Rhine, is 170 miles from Paris. Troops can therefore reach it from the capital, by railroad, in about five hours.

—Henry E. Hayne, of Marion, and Samuel Lee, of Sumter, both colored, are announced as aides-de-camp to his Excellency Gov. Scott, with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel.

—Gen. William Terry, who commanded the Stonewall Brigade during the last days of the war, has been nominated as the Democratic candidate for Congress in the eighth district of Virginia.

—A destructive fire occurred in Augusta, Ga., on the night of the 2d, by which Mr. Goodrich, proprietor of a car and sack manufactory, lost a vast amount of lumber and several small buildings.

—The Union Times declares that wherever the Union Reform candidates have spoken, "they have drawn hundreds of converts to their ranks, and aroused an enthusiasm never before seen in this State."

—A lady recently deceased in New Hampshire has left \$300,000 to found a college for young women, wherein they shall be taught all the higher branches of education enjoyed by male students in other establishments.

—An accident occurred on the Laurens Railroad on the 2nd inst., by which the passenger train was thrown from the track. The conductor was seriously hurt, and several passengers—none dangerously.

—It is said that the Radical organ in Charleston, of which Gov. Scott is the principal stockholder charged the State Two Thousand Dollars for publishing the "New Code" as an advertisement. How's that for high?

—The New York Times regrets to see that it is more than likely Congress will be once more pestered by Whittier, of cadetship notoriety, and hopes that the House will know how to free itself from the disgrace of his presence.

—George D. Chapman & Co., the contractors on the Port Royal Railroad, having failed to complete the road, as they agreed to do, by the 1st instant, have had the contract taken away from them and given to other parties.

—General R. E. Lee has not tendered his services to France. The tender of his services and their rejection by the French Government, as reported in the London News, was gratuitous and unfounded. General Lee has sheathed the sword forever.

—Queen Victoria has already granted a pardon to all parties connected with the Red river rebellion. This rebellion occurred during the present year. Our own national rulers might learn a useful lesson from this act if they were capable of anything noble.

—There is a very positive rumor from Washington that Secretary Fish will soon resign his seat in the Cabinet, which was at first reluctantly accepted by him, and only for a time, to release Mr. Grant from some complications in which he had been involved.

—The committee appointed by Congress to investigate the charges against certain cadets at West Point for treating the colored cadets in an ungentlemanly manner, have concluded their labors, and have sentenced the offending cadets to be reprimanded by the authorities.

—The National Intelligencer, which for over seventy years was published at Washington, has been purchased by Hon. Alex. Delmar, formerly Director of the United States Bureau of Statistics, and author of the famous Finance letter of 1868, and removed to New York city.

—Judge Carpenter, General Butler and Col. T. Y. Simons addressed a meeting of two thousand persons, white and colored, at Spartanburg C. H. on Thursday last. The speaking created a profound impression and it is thought that Spartanburg will give a solid vote for Reform next October.

—Attorney-General Akerman declines addressing the Southern Republican Club, because in doing so he would have to allude to the Georgia case, which may soon come before him for a legal opinion. It is understood that Mr. Akerman favors an election this fall in that State.

—Hon. Jefferson Davis was at Greenbrier White Sulphur Springs last week, and was serenaded by the visitors. He made a brief and eloquent response, avoiding any reference to politics. He left for New York on Thursday, en route for Europe, to bring his family back to America.

—Alexander Clark, a negro, is a candidate for the United States Senate from Arkansas. He has recently been stumping the State for Clayton, for Governor, for which service and his influence with the black voters, he receives three thousand dollars in greenbacks, and a promise of the Senatorial term. It is said that Alexander is the superior of Clayton, and can make a better political speech than any white Radical in the State.

—The discovery of the secret treaty by which Belgium was to be sacrificed for Napoleon's aggrandizement has directed the attention of the world to that country. As matters now stand, both the French and Prussians have guaranteed the neutrality of Belgium soil; but the secret treaty has created so much unpopularity, especially in England, that the occupation of the country by the latter power, as a guarantee of its integrity, is seriously mooted and by no means improbable, before the struggle between France and Prussia is over.

—General—all these fellows when they go South and get well into plundering turn up as generals—General Estes, Collector of United States Internal Revenue in North Carolina, is advised by an advertisement appearing in the papers of that State from a New York firm that he will find it to his interest to pay for that gold watch bought by him, in the name of the North Carolina reconstructed Legislature of 1869, for the presentation to the Speaker of the House, and no "general" was a member of that body, and no doubt did his share to swell the State debt \$21,000,000 in the last two years.

—Florida is the only State that assumes a new coat of arms with reconstruction. Her old seal was a spread eagle with arrows in its claws. The new is described as having in the centre a view of the sun's rays over the highland in the distance, a cocoa tree, a steamboat on water, and an Indian female scattering flowers in the foreground, this last being an allusion to the floral aspect of the country, to which the State owes its name. The motto, as of old, is "In God we trust."

—A quarrel occurred at Brownsville, Tennessee, on Tuesday, between A. A. Freeman and John H. Freeman, prominent lawyers, growing out of the publication of a card by the latter reflecting severely on the former who is a candidate for Judge of the Circuit Court. The misunderstanding was amicably settled. John H. Freeman was shot in the arm and A. A. Freeman was cut with a bowie-knife.

## Nomination.

To JAMES A. HOYT, Esq.:

We, the undersigned, your fellow-citizens, in casting about for one to represent us in the State Senate, have centered upon you as our first choice for this position, believing if you will allow us to use your name that your election will be triumphant and certain, and in an eminent degree satisfactory to the masses of the people.

Wm. Sanders, Andrew McLees, Tapley Anderson, Jas. A. McLees, C. B. Gilmer, D. A. Skelton, G. R. Skelton, O. F. Bynum, J. P. King, S. L. Barrett, J. F. McBree, John W. Shearer, Jas. L. Simpson, R. S. Bailey, Joseph C. Winter, C. K. Williford, W. F. Nixon, Kennon Breazeale, G. B. Whitten, J. H. Mullinix, J. E. Phillips, S. C. Humphreys, J. H. Johnson, C. S. Davis, Peter V. Wilson, A. B. Skelton, Milton McLees, F. Anderson, R. H. Pettigrew, A. A. Bowie, J. W. Bollman, John T. Cook, Joseph Anderson, W. T. C. Pettigrew, J. A. Todd, E. D. Freeman, A. C. Dobbins, James McLees, J. A. McClesky, Thos. T. Skelton.

Rock Mills, Aug. 8, 1870.

## ANNOUNCEMENTS.

The many friends of WM. H. HAYNE, Esq., respectfully announce him as a candidate for re-election to the office of School Commissioner for Anderson County at the ensuing election.

The friends of F. M. WELBORN respectfully announce him as a candidate for the office of School Commissioner for Anderson County at the ensuing election.

The friends of Maj. W. H. HUMPHREYS beg leave to present his name as a candidate for re-election to the office of Probate Judge for Anderson County.

The many friends of Dr. JOHN WILSON respectfully nominate him as a candidate for re-election to the House of Representatives.

The numerous friends of Maj. JOHN B. MOORE, formerly Representative from Anderson County, would suggest him as a fit and suitable person to represent this county in the next State Senate, and present his name for that position.

The name of the Hon. JOHN WILSON is presented as a candidate for the Senate, irrespective of party nominations. Occupying a conservative position, by a long legislative experience, he is best fitted to wield a commanding influence. The people have and will trust him.

JOHN R. COCHRAN is announced as a candidate for the House of Representatives. All parties may safely unite in supporting him. Although not a member, he had more influence with the last Legislature than any of our members, and used it for our good. He would have equal influence in the next Legislature, and our people will do wisely to elect him.

The many friends of Col. WARREN D. WILKES, without regard to party names or party nominations, offer his name to the people of Anderson County as a candidate for the House of Representatives. Sound, reliable and conservative, no man would exert a more salutary influence in that body.

The friends of JOSEPH T. KING respectfully announce him as a candidate for the office of School Commissioner for Anderson County at the ensuing election.

## MASONIC DIRECTORY.

Burning Bush Chapter, No. 7, R. A. M., meets at Anderson C. H. on the first Monday night in every month, at 7 1/2 o'clock. E. FRANKLIN, Secretary.  
Hiram Lodge, No. 68, A. F. M., meets at Anderson C. H. on the second Monday night in every month, at 7 1/2 o'clock. E. FRANKLIN, Secretary.  
Pendleton Lodge, No. 34, A. F. M., meets at Pendleton on the Saturday on or before the full moon in each month, at 5 o'clock p. m.  
W. H. D. GALLARD, Secretary.  
Living Arch Chapter, No. 21, R. A. M., meets at Pendleton on the Saturday on or before the full moon in each month, at 7 o'clock p. m.  
M. L. SHARPE, Secretary.  
Williamston Lodge, No. 24, A. F. M., meets at Williamston on the Thursday on or after the full moon in each month, at 10 o'clock a. m.  
J. R. WILSON, Secretary.  
Belton Lodge, No. 139, A. F. M., meets at Belton on the Thursday on or before the full moon in each month, at 10 o'clock a. m.  
W. O. ALEXANDER, Secretary